The Prophet Muhammad (S) has spoken about various aspects of human life, both worldly and heavenly, and his words are curative prescriptions for the various illnesses of human beings. In addition
to the sayings quoted in this paper, he has communicated many others on topics too numerous to mention, and on diverse topics such as women, children, orphans, justice, government, leisure and sport, entertainment, selflessness and sympathy, self-restraint, truthfulness, watchfulness, cheating, oppression, relatives, animals and the environment.

God and Man

“God's kindness towards His creatures is more than a mother's towards her baby.” 1

“Remembrance of God is like polish for the heart.” 2

“Serve God as you would if you could see Him because although you cannot see Him, He can see you.” 3

“God does not look at your appearance or your possessions, but He looks at your heart and your deeds.” 4

The Faithful

A man asked: “O Prophet of God! What is faith?” The Prophet said: “You are a person of faith when your good deed gives you pleasure and your evil deed grieves you.” 5

“A believer is like a mirror to another believer. A believer is a brother to another believer.” 6

“The most faithful of you are the best mannered.” 7

“Believers are like the different parts of a building, each one supporting the other.” 8

“You will observe that the believers are like parts of the body in relation to each other in matters of kindness, love and affection. When one part of the body is afflicted, the entire body feels it, there is loss of sleep and a fever develops.” 9

The True Muslim

“The perfect Muslim is not perfect if he eats until he is full and yet leaves his neighbours hungry.” 10

“A perfect Muslim is the one from whose tongue and hands his fellow brothers and sisters are safe.” 11

Wisdom, Knowledge and Thought

“Fearing God is the peak (or source) of wisdom.” 12

“Ignorance is the worst kind of poverty, intellectuality is the greatest of riches, and thought is the best
form of worship.” 13

“Seek knowledge even in China because acquiring knowledge is obligatory for every Muslim.”14

“Seek knowledge from the cradle to the grave.”15

“Retain knowledge by writing it down (recording it).”16

Society

“The best people are those who are the most useful to others.”17

“A moment of justice is better than a year of worship.”18

“Cursed be he who imposes his burden on people.”19

“The best struggle (jihad) is a just word before a tyrannical authority.”20

Friendship and Love

“It is better to sit alone than in the company of bad people and it is even better to sit with good people rather than alone. It is better to speak to a seeker of knowledge than to remain silent; but silence is better than idle words.”21

The Prophet of Islam said: “The Apostles said to Jesus: “O Spirit of Allah! With whom should we keep company?” He said: “The person the sight of whom reminds you of God, the speech of whom increases your knowledge and the deeds of whom make you desirous of the other world.”” 22

“Seven people shall be sheltered by God in the Shade of His Throne when there will be no shade except His Shade... and two people that love each other for the sake of God....”23

Family Ties

“The best person among you is the one who treats his family members the best and I am the person who treats his family in the best way.”24

A man once told the Prophet that he had many children but had not kissed any of them. The Prophet (S) replied: “Verily, God will only show mercy to those of His servants who show mercy to others.” 25

A person came to the Messenger of God (S) and asked, “Who among people is most deserving of my good treatment?” He said, “Your mother, then your mother, then your mother, then your father, then those closest to you, then those closest to you”26

“A child’s affectionate look at their parents is a form of worship.”27
“Paradise is under the feet of mothers.”

Equality of Human Beings

“The God of all people is the same and the father of all people is the same. All of you are children of Adam and Adam was made from earth. The most honourable of you in God’s estimation is the most pious.”

“Be careful because you are not better than people who are a different color, unless you are better in piety.”

Neighbours

“Gabriel (the Angel of Revelation) is always instructing me about neighbours, so much so that I think that neighbours may inherit from their neighbours.”

“The person whose neighbour is not safe from his bad behaviour will not enter Heaven.”

Peace

“Forgive him who wrongs you, re-unite with him who cuts you off, do good to him who does you harm and speak the truth although it may be to your disadvantage.”

“Do you know what is better than charity, fasting, and prayer? It is keeping peace and good relations between people, as quarrels and bad feelings destroy mankind.”

Good Conduct and Morality

“If you guarantee me six things on your part, I shall guarantee you Paradise: Speak the truth when you talk, keep a promise when you make it, when you are trusted with something fulfil your trust, avoid sexual immorality, lower your gaze (out of modesty) and prevent your hands and tongue from committing injustice.”

“The best people are the best mannered.”

“On the Day of Resurrection nothing will weigh heavier in the scale of the believer than good manners.”

“When you see flatterers, throw dust in their faces.”

“Whoever is kind, God will be kind to him; therefore be kind to man on earth. He Who is in heaven will then show mercy to you.”
If Prophet Muhammad (S) heard the crying of a child in the company of its mother during prayer, he would recite only a short chapter of the Holy Qur’an (in order to finish the prayer more quickly and let the mother comfort her child).

“Love of this world (dunya) is the origin of every sin.”

**Control of Anger**

“Anger is like the devil. The devil has been created from fire and fire is extinguished by water. Therefore, when any of you feels angry, you should perform ablution.”

“Three things are part of the good morals of a believer. When he is overcome by anger, his anger should not drive him to falsehood. When he is happy, his happiness should not take him beyond the bounds of what is right. When he has power, he should not stake a claim to something which is not his.”

**Modesty**

“Modesty (haya) does not bring anything except good.”

“God has revealed to me that you must be humble. No one should boast over another, and no one should oppress another.”

“If someone does not feel ashamed of anything, then he is likely to do whatever he likes.”

**Patience**

“How wonderful is the situation of a believer. There is good for him in everything and this applies only to a believer. If prosperity comes to him, he expresses gratitude to God and that is good for him; and if adversity befalls him, he endures it patiently and that is better for him.”

“Understand that victory comes to the one who is patient.”

**The Golden Rule**

“None of you (truly) believes until he wishes for his brother what he wishes for himself.”

**Harmfulness of Envy**

“Truly, envy eats up and takes away good deeds as fire eats up and burns wood.”
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This tradition is narrated from Imam Sadiq in Usul al–Kafi, Vol. 2, p. 133 like this:

المؤمن أحو المؤمن كالمسيئ عند الله، عند الله، أن أستنكر بعضهم البعض إذا أنيعت الرأي، وذلك يعبأ على الله.

Bihar al–Anwar, Vol. 75, p. 273

المسلم من سلم المسلمين من يد ولسانه.
The Prophet also said: "If a man loves his brother in faith, he should tell him that he loves him." (Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 1520).


12. رأس الحكمة خالقاً الله

Ithna' Ashariyyah fi al-Mawa'iz al-'Adadiyyah, p. 8

13. لا فقر أشد من الجهل ولا جهل أعمد من الغفلة. لا عبادة مثل الفلك.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 2505.

14. أطيلوا العلم ولو بالصين فإن طبل العلم فريضة على كل مسلم.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 324.

15. أطيلوا العلم من المهد إلى الحد.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 327.

16. فيديوا العلم بالكتاب.


17. ستسل رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله من أحب الناس إلى الله؟ قال: أفعف الناس للناس.


18. عدل ساعة خير من عباءة سنة.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 1936.

19. معلوم من أنغلى كلمة عند سلطان جبار.

Tuhaful-'Uqul, Tradition 19.

20. أفضل الجهاد كلمة حق عند سلطان جبار.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 394.

21. الوحدة خير من جليس السوء والجليس الصالح خير من الوحدة وأملا خير خير من السقوط والسكت خير من أمراً.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 3194.

22. قالوا: يا روح الله فليس نجاس إذا تكلم. من تذكركم بالله رؤيته وزيده في علمكم منفعة وبرغيمك في الأخرى عامل.

Tuhaful-'Uqul, Tradition 60.

23. سبعة يظلهم الله تحت ظل عرضه يوم لا ظل إلا ظله: ورجلان تحابا في اللهم.

Tradition 1731 & 1732.

24. حيروم خيركم للله وأنا خيركم لأحل.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 1520.

25. أن رسول الله كان يقبل الحسن بن علي عليه السلام فقال الاقترع بن حابس: أن لي عشرة من الوالد، ما قبلت أحدا منهم فقال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم: من يرحم لا يرحم.

Rawdat al-Wa'izin, p. 369.

26. أملك ثم أملك ثم أملك ثم الأقرب.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 546.

27. ينظر الوالد إلى والدها حبا لعباده.

Tuhaful-'Uqul, Tradition 79.

28. الجنة تحت أقدام الأمهات.


29. أنها الناس إن ركيم واحد وأنا أبكم واحد. كلكم لازم وأدم من نراق إن أكركم عن الله أتفركون.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 1044.

30. أنظر فإنك لست بخير من أحمار ولا أسود إلا أن فضلك بقتري.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 562.

31. ما زال جبريل بوصمتي بالجار حتى ظننت أنه سوره.

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 2640.

32. لا يدخل الجنة عبيد لا يأمن جاره يواجهه.

Ithna 'Ashariyyah, p. 15.

33. واعفع عن أظلمك وصل من فطلك وأحسن إلى من أساء البك وقل الحق ولع على نفسك.
لا أخبركم بأفضل من درجة الصيام والصلاة والصدقة؛ صلاح ذات الدين فإن فساد ذات الدين في الحالة.


34. اﻟﺤﺎﻟﻘﺔ
أﻻ أﺧﺒﺮﻛﻢ ﺑﺄﻓﻀﻞ ﻣﻦ درﺟﺔ اﻟﺼﻴﺎم واﻟﺼﻼة واﻟﺼﺪﻗﺔ؟ ﻓﺈن ﻓﺴﺎد ذات اﻟﺒﻴﻦ ﻫ

35. م وﻛﻔﻮا
وﻛﻔوا وﻏﻀﻮا أﺑﺼﺎرﻛﻢ واﺣﻔﻈﻮا ﻓﺮوﺟﻢ ﺑﺎﻟﺠﻨﺔ إذا ﺗﺤﺪﺛﺘﻢ ﻓﻼ ﺗ

36. ﻻ ﺗﺨﻠﻔﻮا وإذا ائتمنت ﺑﻢ ﻓﻼ ﺗﺨﻮﻧﻮا وﻏﺾ أبصااركم وحفظوا فروجكم وكفوا


37. ﻓﺎس ﻓﺈن ﻓﺴﺎد ذات اﻟﺒﻴﻦ ﻫ

38. أﺟروا التراب في وجوه المداجنين

Nahj al-Fasahah, Tradition 91.

39. الراحمون برحمهم الرحمن ﻣﻦ اﻟﺨﻠﻖ اﻟﺤﺴﻦ


40. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪﻛﻢ ﻓﻠﻴﺘﻮا


41. ﻓﻘﺎل ﻟﻬﻢ: أﻣﺎ اﻟﺮﻛﻌﺘﻴﻦ اﻷﺧﻴﺮﺗﻴﻦ . ﻓﻠﻤﺎ اﻧﺼﺮف ﻗﺎل ﻟﻪ اﻟﻨﺎس: ﻫﻞ ﺣﺪث ﻓ

42. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ ﻓﻠﻤﺎ ﻋﺜﻮا ﻋﻠى أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ وإن ﺗﺼﺪره ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ

Ithna ‘Ashariyyah, p. 17.

43. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ

Ithna ‘Ashariyyah, p. 15.

44. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ


45. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ


46. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ


47. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ

Ithna ‘Ashariyyah, p. 15.

48. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ


49. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ

Ithna ‘Ashariyyah, p. 15.

50. ﻓﺈذا ﻏﻀﺐ أﺣﺪ إﻻ اﻟﻤﺆﻣﻦ إن أﺻﺎبته ﺳﺮاء ﻣﻦ إذا ﻓﺮود ﻣﻦ إرات وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮا ﻟﻪ إن أﺻﺎبته ضرر وﻛﺎن ﺧﻴﺮ ﻟﻪ